Which files are used to store group information?

step 1: Answer with Explanation

The /etc/group is a text document which characterizes the gatherings to which clients have a place under Linux and UNIX working framework. Under Unix/Linux different clients can be arranged into gatherings. Unix document framework consents are coordinated into three classes, client, gathering, and others.

Step 2: Explanation of incorrect option

The /etc/group is a text record that characterizes the group on the framework.

A shadow password file , otherwise called/etc/shadow,, is a framework record in Linux that stores scrambled client passwords and is open just to the root client, keeping unapproved clients or pernicious entertainers from breaking into the framework.

/etc/gshadow contains the shadowed data for bunch accounts. This record should not be discernible by ordinary clients assuming secret word security is to be kept up with.

Special groups are groups with GID numbers typically under the numeric value of \_\_\_\_\_.

Step 1:

Answer: 1000

Step 2: Explanation

A normal Linux framework will have many default bunch accounts. These default bunch accounts normally have GID values under 1000, making it simple for a director to perceive these as unique records.

Also, assuming you add new programming to the framework, more gatherings might be added as programming sellers utilize both client and gathering records to give controlled admittance to documents that are important for the product.

If the system is using UPG, the group name of the user account named jake should be \_\_\_\_\_.

Step 1: Answer

jake. UPG

step 2: Explanation:

Client private gatherings (UPGs) are a framework design saying that permits numerous clients of a framework to team up on documents with no consent bother. It requires no activity with respect to the end-client to fill in true to form.

framework utilizing a plan called client private gathering (UPG), and that implies that Jake likewise has his own confidential gathering, additionally named jake. UPG appears to be legit when you check authorizations out.